विवरण II

वर्ष 1995-96 के दौरान दिसम्बर, 1996 तक) नाबार्ड द्वारा गैर-योजना ऋण के तहत मंजूर किए गये ऋण-राज्य-वार/संघ शासित क्षेत्र वार दर्शाने वाला विवरण

(लाख रुपए में)

राज्य/संघ शासित क्षेत्र का नाम	मंजूर ऋण सीमा	अधिकतम बकाया राशि
हरियाणा	44500.00	43426.00
पंजाब	27580.00	17461.00
राजस्थान	23605.00	22661.00
मणिपुर	0.00	661.00
मेघालय	250.00	250.00
त्रिपुरा	180.00	120.00
नागालैंड	200.00	190.00
बिहार	16815.00	4816.00
उड़ीसा	10075.00	9696.00
पश्चिम बंगाल	8214.00	7299.00
मध्य प्रदेश	60755.00	46211.00
उत्तर प्रदेश	62270.00	45512.00
गुजरात	17565.00	19638.00
महाराष्ट्र	24915.00	17400.00
आन्ध्र प्रदेश	71615.00	63485.00
कर्नाटक	24885.00	18699.00
केरल	6357.00	2540.00
तमिलनाडु	34320.00	24935.00
जोड़	434101.00	33217,47*

*अखिल भारतीय अधिकतम बकाया राशि (आंकड़े अनन्तिम)

Problems Faced by Small Scale Sector Exporters

1308. SHRI SUNDER SINGH BHANDARI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have taken note of the problems faced by the exporters of small scale sector due to the post shipment doller plan; if so, what measures are being contemplated to help this sector; and

(b) whether Government intends to restrat in imports not related to exporters?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (DR. DEBIPROSAD PAL): (a) The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has reported that export credit is available to the exporters including exporters of the small scale sector in rupees and also in foreign currency both at pre-shipment and post-shipment stages. No separate guidelines have been issued by RBI exclusively for lending to export purposes for small scale sector.

RBI has further reported that with a view to ensure adequate flow of credit to the export sector, banks have been directed to achieve a minimum level of 10% of each bank's net outstanding bank credit to the export sector. With the withdrawal of Post-shipment Export Credit denominated in US Dollars (PSCFC) scheme effective from February 8, 1996 exporters have now the option to avail export credit at post-shipment stage either in rupees or in foreign currency under Rediscounting of Export Bills Abroad (EBR) Scheme at LIBOR linked interest rates. Banks have been advised to take into account needs of small customers while extending the export credit facility under the foreign currency export credit. Bank have also been advised to ensure that no export order should suffer for want of bank finance.

(b) No such proposal is under consideration of the Government at present.

New Economic Policy

1309. SHRI SANATAN BISI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) the sector to which the new economic policy has benefited the most; and

(b) the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (DR. DEBIPROSAD PAL): (a) and (b) The new economic policies of the Government have led to significant improvement in all sectors of the economy. Growth of real GDP at factor cost which had risen from 0.8 per cent in 1991-92 to 5.1 per cent within a year accelerated to 6.3 per cent in 1994-95 and is expected to be 6.2 per cent in 1995-96. This growth recovery has been accompanied by much lower current account deficits in the balance of payments, a drop in inflation significantly below the historical average of around 8 per cent, a rise in the domestic saving rate to a record high level of 24.4 per cent of GDP and a reduction in the gross fiscal deficit as a proportion of GDP from 8.3 per cent in 1990-91 to 5.9 per cent in 1995-96 (RE). In regard to physical production, agricultural production has increased steadily at an average growth rate of above 4 per cent per annum, after recording a decline in 1991-92, industrial sector surged ahead registering a growth rate of 8.6 per cent during 1994-95 and a still higher growth rate of 12 per cent during April-September 1995. The core and infrastructural sectors have also kept their general uptreand. Seven infrastructural sectors namely electricity, coal, steel, crude oil, refinery throughout, cement and fertilisers which have total weight of about 31 per cent in the Index of Industrial production have achieved an average growth rate of 8.4 per cent during 1994-95 and maintained the growth rate of above 8 per cent during April-January 1995-96. This improved economic performance is attributable to the new economic policies and reforms undertaken by the Government since July 1991.

Discretionary Power to Grant Extension

1310. DR. NAUNIHAL SINGH: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the nationalised banks as well as the Reserve Bank of India have discretionary power to grant extension of age to some of their officers/employees upto 60 years;

(b) if so, the reasons for not generalising the policy; and

(c) the reasons for not superannuating the Central Government Class I to III employees since it is already in existence in all other academic institutions/organisations/bodies under the Central Government and what steps are being taken to remove this anomaly?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (DR. DEBIPROSAD PAL): (a) and (b) The age of retirement for officers, both in nationalised banks and Reserve Bank of India, is at present 58 years. However, in some banks, the age of retirement before nationalisation of banks was 60 years on there was a provision for extending the tenure upto 60 years. In these banks the competent authority at its absolute discretion may grant extension upto 60 years to those officers who were recruited/promoted prior to nationalisation or those employes who were in the service of the banks on the date of nationalisation but were promoted as an officer on or after that date. These provisions do not apply to persons recruited after the date of nationalisation of banks. In the case of Reserve Bank of India also, officers recruited/promoted prior to 19.7.69 or employees who were recruited prior to that date but promoted as officers subsequently may be allowed to continue in the service upto 60 years.

(c) In Central Government as well as other bodies/institutions the age of superannuation is prescribed and barring exigencies in public interest the employees retire after attaining the age of superannuation.

बैंक में धोखाधड़ी

1311. **श्री अनन्तराम जायसवाल:** क्या वित्त मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या सरकार का ध्यान दिनांक 23 जनवरी, 1996 के "दैनिक जागरण (नई दिल्ली)" में "नोटों के